Illinois Withholding Allowance Worksheet

General Information

Complete this worksheet to figure your total withholding allowances.

Everyone must complete Part 1.

Complete Part 2 if

- you (or your spouse) are age 65 or older or legally blind, or
- you wrote an amount on Line 4 of the Deductions and Adjustments Worksheet for federal Form W-4.

If you have more than one job or if your spouse works, you may claim all of your allowances on one job or you may claim some on each job, but you may **not** claim the same allowances more than once. Your withholding will usually be more accurate if you claim all of your allowances on the Form IL-W-4 for the job with the largest wages and claim zero on all other IL-W-4 forms. If you have a working spouse, you may choose not to claim your spouse as a dependent (this may help avoid having too little tax withheld).

ments worksheet for lederal Form w-4.	,	
Part 1: Figure your basic personal allowar	ACES (including allowances for dependents	s)
 Check all that apply: No one else can claim me as a dependent. I can claim my spouse as a dependent. 1 Write the total number of boxes you checked. 2 Write the number of dependents (other than you or your spouse) y will claim on your tax return. 3 Add Lines 1 and 2. Write the result. This is the total number of basic personal allowances to which you are entitled. 4 If you want to have additional Illinois Income Tax withheld from you pay, you must reduce the number of basic personal allowances you wrote on Line 3. Write the total number of basic personal allowance you elect to claim on Line 4 and on Form IL-W-4, Line 1. 	ic s ir u	1
Part 2: Figure your additional allowances		
Check all that apply: I am 65 or older.	the result on Line 7. itional allowances ar pay, you must reduce total number of	5 7 3 9
Note: If you have non-wage income and you expect to owe Illinois Ir withheld from your pay. On Line 3 of Form IL-W-4, write the additional Cut here and give the certificate to your email. Cut here and give the certificate to your email. Cut here and give the certificate to your email. Cut here and give the certificate to your email. Cut here and give the certificate to your email.	amount you want your employer to withhold. nployer. Keep the top portion for your records	an additional amount
Social Security number Name Street address	 Write the total number of basic allowances that you are claiming (from worksheet, Part 1, Line 4). Write the total number of additional allowances that you are claiming (from worksheet, Part 2, Line 9). Write the additional amount you want withheld 	2 3lllowances claimed on
City State ZIP This form is authorized as outlined by the Illinois Income Tax Act. Disclosure of this information is	Your signature	Date
I his form is authorized as outlined by the illinois income lax Act. Disclosure of this information is REQUIRED Failure to provide information could result in a penalty. This form has been approved by the Forms Management Center. IL-492-0039		

Illinois Department of Revenue

Instructions for Form IL-W-4, Employee's Illinois Withholding Allowance Certificate

Who must complete this form?

If you are an employee, you must complete this form so your employer can withhold the correct amount of Illinois Income Tax from your pay. The amount withheld from your pay depends, in part, on the number of allowances you claim on this form.

Even if you claimed exemption from withholding on your federal Form W-4, U.S. Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate, because you do not expect to owe any federal income tax, you may be required to have Illinois Income Tax withheld from your pay.

When must I file?

You must file Form IL-W-4 when Illinois Income Tax is required to be withheld from compensation that you receive as an employee. You should complete this form and give it to your employer on or before the date you start working for your employer. You may file a new Form IL-W-4 any time your withholding allowances increase. If the number of your previously claimed allowances decreases, you **must** file a new Form IL-W-4 within 10 days. However, the death of a spouse or a dependent does not affect your withholding allowances until the next tax year.

What is an "exemption"?

An "exemption" is a dollar amount on which you do not have to pay Illinois Income Tax. Therefore, your employer will withhold Illinois Income Tax based on your compensation minus the exemptions to which you are entitled.

What is an "allowance"?

The dollar amount that is exempt from Illinois Income Tax is based on the number of allowances you claim on this form. As an employee, you receive one

allowance unless you are claimed as a dependent on another person's tax return (e.g., your parents claim you as a dependent on their tax return). If you are married, you may claim additional allowances for your spouse and any dependents that you are entitled to claim for federal income tax purposes. You also will receive additional allowances if you or your spouse are age 65 or older, or if you or your spouse are legally blind.

How do I figure the correct number of allowances?

Complete the worksheet on the back of this page to figure the correct number of allowances you are entitled to claim. Give your completed Form IL-W-4 to your employer. Keep the worksheet for your records. If you claim more than 14 allowances, you must ask us for our approval.

Note: If you have more than one job or if your spouse works, you may claim all of your allowances on one job or you may claim some on each job, but you may **not** claim the same allowances more than once. Your withholding will usually be more accurate if you claim all of your allowances on the Form IL-W-4 for the job with the largest wages and claim zero on all other IL-W-4 forms.

What if I underpay my tax?

If the amount withheld from your compensation is not enough to cover your tax liability for the year, (e.g., you have nonwage income, such as interest or dividends), you may request that your employer withhold an additional amount from your pay. Otherwise, you may owe additional tax at the end of the year and may owe a penalty. If you do not have enough tax withheld from your pay, and

you owe more than \$500 tax at the end of the year, you may owe a late-payment penalty. You should either increase the amount you have withheld from your pay, or you must make estimated tax payments.

You may be assessed a **late-payment penalty** if your required estimated payments are not paid in full by the due dates.

Note: You may still owe this penalty for an earlier quarter, even if you pay enough tax later to make up the underpayment from a previous quarter.

For additional information on penalties, see Publication 103, Uniform Penalties and Interest. Call **1 800 356-6302** to receive a copy of this publication.

Where do I get help?

- Visit our Web site at www.revenue.state.il.us
- Call our Taxpayer Assistance Division at 1 800 732-8866 or 217 782-3336
- Call our TDD (telecommunications device for the deaf) at 1 800 544-5304
- Write to

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE PO BOX 19044 SPRINGFIELD IL 62794-9044